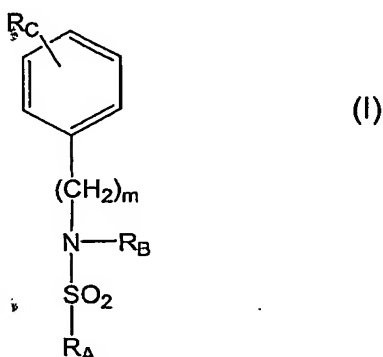


Amended claims 21 October 2005

1. A sulphonamide derivative of formula (I) or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof,

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where

$R_C$  is an optionally substituted 4-6-membered heterocyclic ring containing one or more N atoms, or

$R_C$  forms together with the phenyl ring to which it is attached a benzodioxolyl group, or

$R_C$  is  $-NR^1R^2$ , where

$R^1$  is hydrogen or alkyl,

$R^2$  is alkyl or an optionally substituted 4-6-membered heterocyclic ring containing one or more N atoms, or

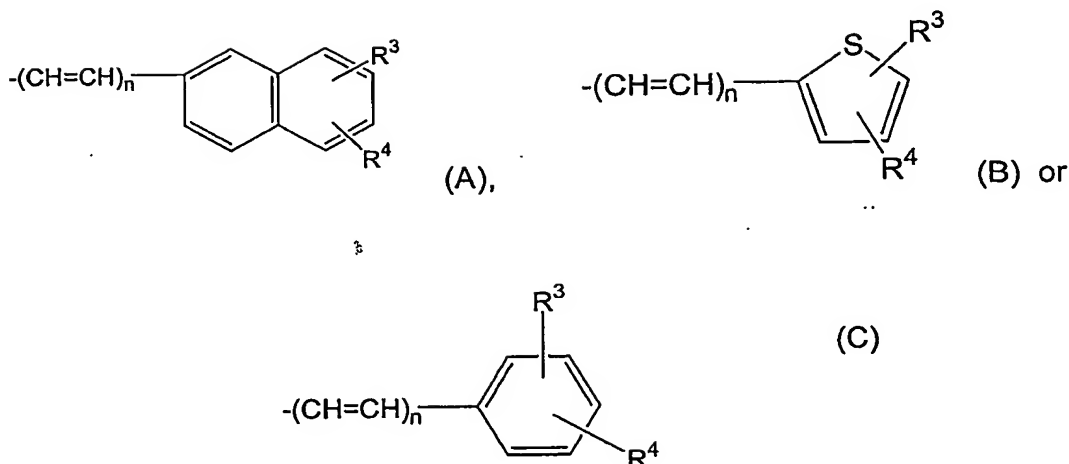
$R^1$  and  $R^2$  taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic group, which may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from O and N and which may be substituted, or

$R^1$  and  $R^2$  are absent and the nitrogen atom together with the adjacent carbon atom forms a heterocyclic ring, which may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from N, O and S and which may be substituted, provided that the nitrogen atom together with the benzene moiety does not form an isoquinoline or an indol-7-yl ring,

$m$  is 0 or 1,

$R_A$  is a group having the formula

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wherein

$n$  is 0,

$R^3$  and  $R^4$  represent each independently hydrogen, halogen, aryl, alkoxy, carboxy, hydroxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxy carbonyl, cyano, trifluoromethyl, alkanoyl, alkanoylamino, trifluoromethoxy, an optionally substituted aryl or heterocyclic group, and

$R_B$  is hydrogen or alkyl.

2. A derivative according to claim 1 where  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  represent methyl,  $R^3$  is 2-chloro and  $R^4$  is 4-chloro.

3. A derivative according to claim 1 where  $R^1$  is hydrogen,  $R^2$  is 4,6-dimethylpyrimidin-2-yl,  $R^3$  is chloro and  $R^4$  is chloro.

4. A derivative according to claim 1 where  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  represent methyl,  $R^3$  is hydrogen and  $R^4$  is 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl.

5. A derivative according to claim 1 where  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  represent methyl,  $R^3$  is hydrogen and  $R^4$  is 4-fluorophenyl.

6. A derivative according to claim 1 where  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  represent methyl,  $R^3$  is hydrogen and  $R^4$  is bromo.

7. A derivative according to claim 1, which is 4'-fluoro-biphenyl-3-sulfonic acid benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylamide.

8. A derivative according to claim 1, which is 4'-fluoro-biphenyl-3-sulfonic acid (2-methyl-benzooxazol-6-yl)-amide.

9. A derivative according to claim 1, which is 2,4-dichloro-N-(1,2-dimethyl-1H-indol-5-yl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide.

10. A derivative according to claim 1, which is 4'-fluoro-biphenyl-3-sulfonic acid (4-dimethylaminophenyl)-methyl-amide.

11. A derivative according to claim 1, which is N-[4-(dimethyl-amino)phenyl]-4'-fluoro-2<sup>6</sup>-methyl-1,1'-biphenyl-3-sulfonamide.

12. A derivative according to any of claims 1 to 11 for use as an inhibitor for collagen receptor integrins.

5 13. A derivative according to any of the claims 1 to 11 for use as an inhibitor for  $\alpha 2\beta 1$  integrin.

14. A derivative according to any of claims 1 to 11 for use as an  $\alpha 2\beta 1$  integrin I domain inhibitor.

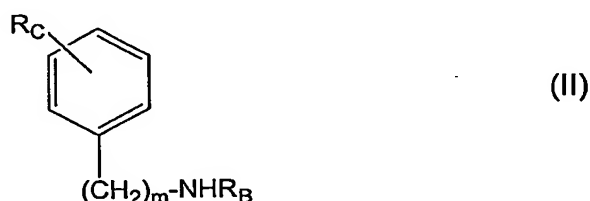
10 15. A derivative according to any of claims 1 to 11 or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof for use as a medicament.

16. A derivative according to claim 15 for use as a medicament for treating thrombosis and cancer spread.

15 17. The use of a derivative according to any of claims 1 to 11 or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof for preparing a pharmaceutical composition for treating disorders relating to thrombosis and cancer spread.

18. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of a derivative according to any of claims 1 to 11 or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof in admixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

20 19. A process for preparing a benzene sulphonamide according to claim 1, comprising reacting a compound of formula (II)



25 where  $R_B$ ,  $R_C$  and  $m$  are as defined above, with a compound of formula (III)



where  $R_A$  is as defined above and hal is halogen.